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Flange Leakage Check

START-PROF allows to use following methods of flange leakage check:

Equivalent pressure / Kellogg Method



Kellogg aka Equivalent pressure Method is conservative method, where the axial force and bending moment on the flange is converted into equivalent pressure using following equation

$$P_{eq} = P + \frac{4F}{\pi G^2} + \frac{16M}{\pi G^3} < P_{rating}$$
$$M = \sqrt{M_o^2 + M_i^2}$$

F - Axial force on flange

M - Moment on flange

G - Effective gasket diameter

Prating - allowable pressure for flange from rating table (ASME B16.5, EN 1092, GOST codes)

Code Case 2901 / PVP2013-97814 Method

The main advantage of this method is that it is less conservative than Kellogg method. This method is published in paper: "Improved Analysis of External Loads on Flanged Joints" PVP2013-97814 by Dr. Warren Brown, 2013.

$$16M_E + 4F_EG \le \pi G^3 ((\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{R}} - \mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{D}}) + \mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{M}}\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{R}})$$

And then included into Code Case 2901 at December 11, 2017.

This equation can be represented in the following form:

$$P_{eq} = P + \frac{4F}{\pi G^2} + \frac{16M}{\pi G^3} < (1 + F_M)P_{rating}$$

It is the same as Kellogg method, but allowable pressure is increased times (1+Fm), where Fm factor can be taken from the following table

Table 1 Moment Factor, F _M									
ASME Standard	_	Flange Pressure Class							
[Note (1)]	Size Range, NPS	150	300	600	900	1500	2500		
B16.5	≤ 12	1.2	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5		
	> 12 and ≤ 24	1.2	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.3			
B16.47, Series A	All	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.1				
B16.47, Series B	< 48	[Note (2)]	[Note (2)]	0.13	0.13				
	≥ 48	0.1	[Note (3)]						

GENERAL NOTES:

(a) The combinations of size ranges and flange pressure classes for which this table gives no moment factor value are outside the scope o this Case.

(b) The designer should consider reducing the allowable factor if the loading is primarily sustained in nature, and the bolted flange join operates at a temperature where gasket creep/relaxation will be significant [typically above 450°F (232°C) metal temperature].

NOTES:

 The acceptable edition of the ASME Standard shall be as shown in Table U-3 for Section VIII, Division 1 construction and Table 1.1 for Section VIII, Division 2 construction.

(2) The following value for F_M applies:

$$F_M = 0.1 + \frac{(48 - \text{NPS})}{56}$$

(3) $F_M = 0.1$ except NPS 60, Class 300, in which case $F_M = 0.03$.

DNV Method

The idea of DNV method is that flange allowable pressure in Kellogg method can be increased to hydrotest pressure that is 1.5 times the design pressure. But for safety reasons factor 1.3 is used instead of 1.5.

$$MAWP = 1.5 \times P_R - P_{eq}$$

The equation can be represented in the following form:

$$P_{eq} = P + \frac{4F}{\pi G^2} + \frac{16M}{\pi G^3} < 1.3P_{rating}$$

NC 3658.3 Method

This method is used if flanges, bolts and Gaskets are designed based on as specified in ASME B 16.5a and bolting material have allowable stress value at $100^{\circ}F(38^{\circ}C) >= 20000$ psi (138 MPa) (High Strength Bolting)

Leakage check equation is as following:

OPE loads (SUS)

$$S = \frac{248.22 \cdot M_{fs}}{3125 \cdot C \cdot A_{b}} \le \min(S_{y}; 248.22 \text{ MPa})$$

Occasional loads (OCC)

$$S = \frac{248.22 \cdot M_{fd}}{3125 \cdot C \cdot A_b} \le 2.0 \cdot \min(S_y; 248.22 \text{ MPa})$$

C and Ab values should be specified by user in <u>flange properties</u>. Sy value is taken automatically from database according to design temperature.

Properties

1 Operation mode' (0) Operation (all loads) ? Node Number Object Flange on the side of node Pipe outside diameter, (mm) Temperature, (*C) Axial Force, (kgf) Bending Moment, (kgf·m) Parameters Condition, (MPa) 3 Flange Pair - 219.08 400 -1000 1499.98 1.60 MPa 4.29 MPa 17.36 MPa 2	Prop	erty			C	escripti	on				
1 'Operation mode' (0) Operation (all loads) ? Node Number Object Flange on the side of node Pipe outside diameter, (mm) Temperature, (*C) Axial Force, (kgf) Bending Moment, (kgf·m) Parameters Condition, (MPa) calcu- lated allow- able	3	Flange Pair	-	219.08	400	-1000	1499.98	1.60 MPa	4.29 MPa	17.36 MPa	24
1 "Operation mode" (0) • Operation (all loads) • ? Node Number Object Flange on the side of node Pipe outside diameter, (mm) Temperature, (*C) Axial Force, (kgf) Bending Moment, (kgf-m) Parameters Condition, (MPa)									calcu- lated	allow- able	9
1 'Operation mode' (0) Operation (all loads) ?	Node Number	Object	Flange on the side of node	Pipe outside diameter, (mm)	Temperature, (°C)	Axial Force, (kgf)	Bending Moment, (kgf·m)	Parameters	Con	dition, (MPa)
	1 'Operation mod	e'(0)	Operation (all loads)	• ?							

Froperty	Description						
Avial force	Calculated axial force N acting on the flange (+ for stretch, - for						
Axial force	compression) without pressure thrust force.						
	Calculated bending moment M acting on the flange						
Bending	$M = \sqrt{M_x^2 + M_y^2}$						
moment	Mx, My - bending moments acting in mutual perpendicular planes, going						
	through the pipe axis						
Parameters	Design pressure in pipe for Peq methods						
	Bolt Area, Bolt circle diameter, and design pressure for NC 3658.3						
	Equivalent pressure on flange calculated using one of the Peq methods						
	For NC 3658.3:						
Calculated	$s = \frac{248.22 \cdot M_{fs}}{1000}$						
	$3 - \frac{1}{3125 \cdot C \cdot A_b}$						
	Allowable pressure on flange calculated using one of the Peq methods						
Allowable	For NC 3658.3:						
	$min(S_{y}; 248.22 MPa)_{or} 2.0 \cdot min(S_{y}; 248.22 MPa)$						

Menu Access

After <u>analysis</u>: **Output > Flange Leakage**